

## ALLIES SEIZE REINS IN NORTHERN RUSSIA

Usurpers at Archangel Halted  
and Proclamation Issued  
to People.

### OLD REGIME RESTORED

Tchaplinsk and Others Planned  
Coup—Entente Soldiers  
Take Charge.

By the Associated Press.  
ARCHANGEL, Sept. 22 (delayed).—As a result of an attempt to overthrow the Tchaplinsk Government the allied diplomatic and military chiefs to-day assumed temporary direction and established a protectorate in the region in the rear of the allied front pending the adjustment of political disputes.

This decision followed the arrest of M. Tchaplinsk and all but two members of his Government early Thursday by a party of conservative officers headed by Col. Tchaplinsk, the Russian army commander, who sought to establish a new regime.

M. Tchaplinsk and his Ministers were taken on board a ship en route to the Solovetsk Monastery, from where they are being returned by order of the allied Ambassadors with the approval of Consul-General Potomkin. Meanwhile the Russian troops, including the American troops, are patrolling the city assuring tranquility and a just settlement of all disputes.

### Proclamation Issued.

Following is the text of the proclamation, which is signed by the American, French, British and Italian Ambassadors and Gen. Poles:

To the People of the Northern Region: The undersigned representatives of the allied nations and the commanders in chief of their forces, seeing the confusion created in the minds of the people by proclamations by leaders of the opposing factions, have decided to prohibit the functioning for the present of the authors of the aforesaid proclamation.

This course has been adopted in order to prevent civil strife in the rear of our combined armies, which are advancing against a common foe and to avoid the almost equally deplorable calamity threatening the northern region with a widespread famine, for the relief of which we are bringing supplies from our countries. We have no intention or desire to bring upon the northern region any kind of government or any officials not the choice of the majority of the people.

Until the arrested Ministers, who are now on their way back under the protection of the Allies, return to Archangel and until popular opinion can show who should continue to exercise the power in a constituted Government we will assure the continuation of public service, the absolute maintenance of order and will assure that the sovereign rights of every one will be respected and observed and that the daily life of the community will not be interrupted.

Consequently, subject to our approval, the assistant heads of the ministries and chiefs of bureaus will continue to perform their duties. We trust that all good citizens will cooperate in the furthering of this well meaning plan, the necessity for which should appeal to every patriotic Russian who desires national independence and a regime of democratic liberty.

### Move Against Tchaplinsk.

The allied Ambassadors had no desire to interfere in internal affairs, but they considered that the Tchaplinsk party's attempt to establish themselves by stealth and force to the detriment of the true position for which the Allies are fighting. As soon as he learned Thursday morning of the coup d'état American Ambassador Francis called a conference of the diplomats and Consul-General Poles.

Meanwhile, however, proclamation by Tchaplinsk and Ivanoff and Dedusenko, who were not arrested, and the Tchaplinsk Ministers, appeared in the streets. These several proclamations so confused the people that a second allied decision became necessary. The Tchaplinsk group contends that it was not fairly represented in the Government. The proclamation by Dedusenko charged that Tchaplinsk was attempting to restore a monarchy headed by Grand Duke Michael Alexandrovitch, brother of the late Emperor, who, they contend, is hiding in Archangel. Of this there is no proof.

Archangel is generally tranquil and the people are watching the American and other guards, apparently satisfied with the fairness of the Allies.

M. Tchaplinsk and members of his party who were arrested returned to Archangel to-day under allied protection. They conferred with the allied Ambassadors in an effort to reach an adjustment satisfactory to all.

Col. Tchaplinsk, the leader of the attempt to overthrow the provisional Government, resigned his post as commander of the Russian forces and has been succeeded by Col. Ivanoff.

The labor disputes in Archangel are being rapidly settled. American soldiers who had been operating the street car system have been transferred to other duties.

### RUSSIAN NEWSPAPER PRAISES PEACE NOTE

Moscow Journal Says Austria  
Did Not Act From Feebleness.

Special Cable Despatch to The Sun.  
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PARIS, Sept. 22.—The first Russian comment on the Austrian peace note has reached here by way of Switzerland. It was not until Wednesday that the note appeared in the Moscow Mir, it follows:

"Austria-Hungary always has desired peace. Her present overture is not due to feebleness but rather has been inspired by the knowledge of her favorable position. If the Entente Powers do not accept the hand outstretched to them, the world will know that they are taking a terrible responsibility."

The National Zeitung of Basle, tracing the genesis of the note from qualified sources, says it was prepared in June but Austria hesitated to wait for some time before submitting it. It was dropped at German Great Headquarters after which it was retouched and modified and was submitted to Foreign Minister Hintze, King Ferdinand of Bulgaria and the Turkish Minister for Foreign Affairs, all of whom approved it.

"Despite all this," says the Zeitung, "the note is not, as has been said, a simple and spontaneous act of Baron Hutter. Only since Wednesday of the week before was there any knowledge of the note in official circles in Vienna. It was communicated first to the chiefs of the German bourgeoisie

## FINNS ASK AID FOR RUSSIAN REFUGEES

Want Some Distributed in  
Scandinavia.

Special Cable Despatch to The Sun from the London Times Service.  
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STOCKHOLM, Sept. 22.—The number of refugees fleeing from the anarchy and terrorism in Russia across the Finnish frontier is increasing to such an extent that the authorities, while not liking for humanitarian reasons to refuse to allow them to enter Finland, are seriously embarrassed by their number and the scarcity of food.

The Finnish Government has decided to apply to neighboring Scandinavian countries to allow the distribution among them of some of the refugees.

By the Associated Press.  
HELSINKI, Finland (via Copenhagen), Sept. 22.—"In view of the condition of anarchy and murder at Petrograd and the defenceless situation of a great part of the population," says an official statement issued here, "Finland's Government feels that on purely humanitarian grounds it cannot refuse to permit Russian, English, American and Italian refugees to come to Finland."

The Finnish Government, the statement says, is compelled, however, by the scarcity of provisions to beg the three Scandinavian countries—Sweden, Sweden and Denmark—to help in harboring a portion of the refugees.

LONDON, Sept. 22.—It is understood in official circles here that arrangements are progressing for the mutual repatriation of British subjects in Russia and Russians in Great Britain. Information is said to have been received from M. Tchitcherine, the Russian Foreign Minister, which leads to the belief that British subjects will be got out of Russia safely.

## SAYS MOTOR PARTY KILLED RASPUTIN

Col. de Lazovet, Here From  
France, Relates Story of Russian Monk's Death.

Through the combination of fact and fiction many weird tales have been built around the fate of Rasputin, the Black Monk of Russia, whose incomprehensible influence over the family of Romanoffs had much to do with the fall of Nicholas II. All the stories agreed that he was slain by a band of loyal Russians opposed to his Teutonic leanings, but they differed as to how and where he was killed.

Col. Stanislas de Lazovet, one time member of the Russian Duma and chief of the sanitary division of the Russian Red Cross during the regime of Nicholas, told what he asserted to be the true version of the affair when he arrived at an Atlantic port yesterday from France, whether he fled from Petrograd when the Bolsheviks began their campaign of slaughter and arson in the name of free Russia. Col. de Lazovet says he is one of the six men responsible for the death of Rasputin, and is the only survivor of the six. It was in his automobile that the body was removed from the street.

He said the others implicated—she refused to tell which members of the party actually fired the shots—were Grand Duke Dimitri Pavlovich, Capt. Tschoukine of the Imperial Guards, Prince Ysopoff, M. Pourichkevitch, member of the Duma, and another Grand Duke whose name he would not divulge.

His story goes thus: These six, travelling in the machine of Col. de Lazovet, found the monk as he was almost directly upon the palace of Duke Pavlovski on his way to visit the family of Nicholas on the night of December 16. Leaping from the car, they confronted the black bearded monk and some of them shot and killed him with revolvers. Within a second or two the body was dumped into the machine and spirited away.

Col. de Lazovet is by no means embarrassed by his part in the affair; on the contrary he believes the action of himself and his compatriots was wholly justified and would have told of it before except that until now he has been required to remain silent. Soon after the death of the monk a plot was planned upon the Colonel's head and he fled to France with his wife, leaving their four-month-old baby with relatives.

It is probable that he will explain in more detail the conditions in Russia after he has seen President Wilson. He is here, he says, to discuss with the President the allied and American expedition into Siberia, an undertaking which he strongly favors.

"The Siberian campaign," he said, "will lead to the absolute rehabilitation of Russian arms and Russia will then be as strong as ever with the Allies. There is not a true Russian with the German armies at present. The few that are with them are traitors."

"Though I earnestly desire the complete freedom of Russia from German domination I am not actually a Russian, but a Pole, and all my hopes, next to the complete defeat of Germany and Germanism, are centred in the rehabilitation and repatriation of my noble country."

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Agents for Aeolian Hall  
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## POLES AND CZECHS OF AUSTRIA AGREE

Oppressed Nationalities of  
Dual Monarchy to Work in  
Harmony With Allies.

### JUGOSLAVS JOIN UNION

President's Conference With  
Three Committees to Have  
Far Reaching Results.

Special Despatch to The Sun.  
WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—President Wilson's conference on Friday at the White House with Prof. T. E. Masaryk of the Czechoslovak National Council, Ignace J. Padgrewski of the Polish National Committee, Dr. H. Hinkovitch of the Yugoslav Council and other representatives of the oppressed nationalities of Austria-Hungary marked the closing of one of the most important developments of the present war period, namely the unification of the oppressed nationalities within the dual monarchy.

It was the climax of a series of conferences which have been held in Washington during the last two weeks, and complete understanding has now been reached as to the correct attitude to be followed by the Poles and Czechs in Austria and also the Poles and Czechs in general. In addition the fortunes of the Yugoslavs have been considered, and the three great groups which are now engaging the attention of the Allies have agreed upon a programme of aims.

### "Hang Together or Separately."

The importance of a complete understanding as to the attitude of the Poles in Austria can be appreciated when it is remembered that while territorially the Polish occupancy in Austria is considerably smaller than that of the Czechs, in the Austrian Parliament the Polish substantially hold the balance of power and their parliamentary attitude is of great importance.

The Slavs in central Europe, in short, have adopted the saying of the American patriot that if they do not all hang together they are liable to hang separately. Their unification plans include harmonizing the various groups in their relations within the United States and for the most complete support of American war activities and aims.

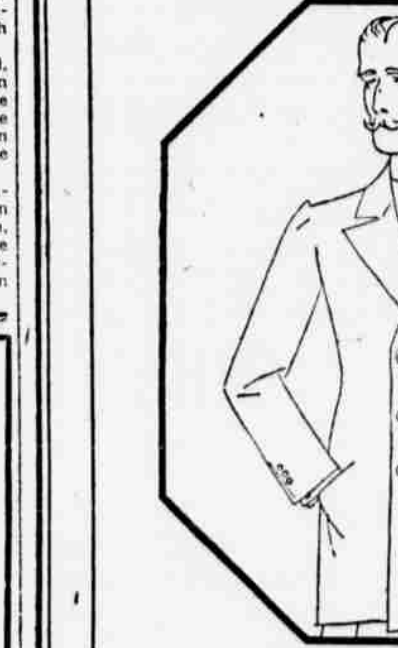
### German Propagandists Felled.

The mere possibility of creating classes between these people has already attracted the attention of the German propagandists in the United States, the aim having been to create a division of sentiment. For some months now an active drive has been on against the Poles in the United States with the idea of creating confusion and conflict of authority which would help to open the way for the German agents.

That certain well meaning Americans have unwittingly been drawn into this work has not helped matters. It is much as the whole programme for a free Bohemia and free Yugoslavians nation depend absolutely on the creation of a free Poland it is easy to see the reason of this special German drive against the Poles.

Mr. Padgrewski, however, was able to assure the President that these efforts had failed and that the Poles were now solidly united behind American war aims as enunciated. Out of this gathering and other conferences it is likely there will be created a new central body of the central European groups, which will protect the interests of all affiliated bodies.

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IN the making of SAKS CLOTHES we illustrate the adage that if you want a thing done well you had better do it yourself.

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The superiority of SAKS CLOTHES was never more pronounced than this season when Good Tailoring and Poor Tailoring is told.

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BROADWAY At 34th STREET

## HAUMONT ENTERED BY YANKEE RAIDERS

Continued from First Page.

been damaged by the retreating Germans, but they had no time to injure the others. The Americans soon had the damaged engines in operation.

The equipment includes many miles of tracks, with great stacks of unladen rails and steel ties. All along the front these one man engines are darting here and there on tracks laid by the Germans, and also on new trackage set up by the Americans, which connects with the various German systems.

Hundreds of small flatcars also were captured, and the Americans are using gasoline which they found in the German supply station. The Americans had little difficulty in solving the mechanism of the German engines, and they were ready for operation when the shell torn tracks were repaired. Narrow gauge flatcars, which came from the United States, also are being used over the German rails. They are twice as long as the German cars and bear on their sides "U. S. A." in big white letters.

### PERSHING REPORTS ON RAIDS.

German Who Tried to Enter Our Lines Repulsed.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—Gen. Pershing's report for to-day, received to-night at the War Department, reads:

In the Woerre our raiding parties penetrated the enemy's line at two points, inflicted numerous casualties and brought back twenty-five prisoners. A hostile detachment which attempted to reach our position was repulsed, leaving two of its men in our hands.

### U. S. TROOPS TURN BALANCE.

German Losses in Two Months More Than 1920 Class.

PARIS, Sept. 22.—In a review of the battles in France during the last six months the Havas Agency credits to the American troops the reestablishment of the balance on the western front and points out the entire change that has taken place in the last two months.

"In the last two months alone," it says, "the Allies took 185,000 prisoners. The enemy losses in men who never will be able to return to the ranks are estimated at 400,000—a void which the 1920 class will not suffice to fill."

### REPULSE FOE IN NORTH ITALY.

Czechs Show Great Valor in Defeating Violent Attack.

ROME, Sept. 22.—The official communication issued to-day, dealing with operations in the mountain front of the northern Italian theatre, follows:

South of Nago yesterday after violent artillery preparation, mainly with gas shells, two enemy columns attacked the salient of Point 703 at Disalle, the first column pressing forward frontally and the second endeavoring to unhinge the base of the salient with an encircling movement.

The gallant troops of the Sixth Czechoslovak Division, who were holding the position, defended themselves with admirable valor, and the encircling attack was crushed and repulsed by machine gunners, who bravely went outside their lines to fight. The other hostile column, having carried a small advanced post, gained a foothold on Point 703, but immediately was driven back in bitter hand to hand fighting with heavy losses.

We captured the outpost in the afternoon, completely reestablishing the situation.

We also destroyed an enemy outpost on the northern slopes of Monte Tomba, taking prisoners in the enterprise.

## PRINCE OF HESSE GETS A TIP.

Urged to Agree Only to Become Finland's Administrator.

AMSTERDAM, Sept. 22.—Prince Frederick Charles of Hesse, a brother-in-law of Emperor William, has been urged "by high quarters," according to the Socialist newspaper Volkstimme of Frankfurt, to leave the question of the Finnish throne in suspense and to agree to accept the office of administrator of the kingdom for five years. The Prince, the newspaper says, has not yet accepted the proposal.

Prince Frederick Charles of Hesse was reported in a Copenhagen despatch of September 11 to be on a tour of Finland, engaging in conferences with political leaders in the different cities through which he passed. He was declared to have expressed a willingness to receive the crown of Finland. The Finnish Landtag has been summoned to meet September 26 to elect a King.

## 'GERMANS, BE HARD,' URGES HINDENBURG

Replies to Austrian Note Reveal Enemies' State of Mind, He Declares.

AMSTERDAM, Sept. 22.—Field Marshal von Hindenburg, replying to greetings sent to him from a patriotic meeting in Jutberg, said: "The first replies from the enemy camp to the Austrian note reveal our enemies' state of mind. In the face of this there can be only one watchword, 'Germans, be hard.' America's answer to Austria-Finland's recent peace note and the speech of Premier Clemenceau of France on the same subject, should, according to the Lokaleiseiger of Berlin, be posted on billboards and be communicated to the German people by the distribution of millions of pamphlets.

"No German man or woman who knows the contents and significance of these declarations," the newspaper declares, "can doubt that peace is attainable only either through our victory or at the price of our utter destruction."

On the basis of information from "a competent source" the Berlin correspondent of the Dusseldorf Nachrichten comes to the conclusion that Chancellor von Hertling does not intend to resign and that official circles do not attach any importance to the Leipzig Tageblatt's report.

The correspondent says that though the minority of the Centre and Progressive parties are endeavoring to bring about greater parliamentaryization of the Government, the Socialists alone favor absolute parliamentaryization.

The Centre organ Germania in an article to-day discredits the Leipzig Tageblatt's sensational report about a political crisis. It declares that accord now happily has been reached and the supreme army command is and will remain decisive.

Continuing, it says: "We are, how-

ever, convinced that the overwhelming majority of the German people have nothing in common with these industrious political agitators. There are surely many things regarding which a serious word must be spoken to the Government, but we can only follow with suspicion the attempt to utilize the present position to extend the rights of Parliament. We are confident the Centre party will throw its entire weight into the scale to guarantee that purely patriotic work is now done by the Reichstag."

Herren Teckert and Gubitz, prominent members of the Independent Socialist party of Germany, have been arrested, according to the Volkstimme of Chemnitz, Saxony.

### Kaiser Urges Soviet Aid.

By the Associated Press.  
BERLIN, Sept. 22 (delayed).—News has been received here that the German Emperor on September 10 issued an order to all Austro-Hungarian and German troops in Russia, saying it was their first duty to join the Russian Soviet troops and to oppose Japan and her allies "who threaten to reform the eastern front."

Continuing, it says: "We are, how-

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## Down to the Very Finest Detail of Finishing These Tailleur, Sport and Dressy Suits for Women

are comparable only to most exclusive productions usually offered at much higher cost. They will be featured to-day and Tuesday at these special prices.



\$39.50 \$35.00

At \$39.50

A most uncommon collection of Man-tailored Suits with smart three-quarter and medium length coats. Large shawl and convertible collars are of fur or self material. Shoulders are close-fitting and sleeves are quite snug. The materials include Silvertone, Duo Tone, Velour, Broadcloth, Duvet de Laine, Oxfords and Burella, in

Navy Blue, Black, Reindeer, Green, Brown, Taupe and Plum. Sizes 34 to 44, and several good models to 50½ bust. Fourth Floor.

## A Smart Serge Dress for Women

at \$25.00

is a rarity to-day. Here is one of a very distinctive type, that should prove quite tempting.

The Serge from which it is made is All-Wool—of a good serviceable quality, and now quite difficult to obtain.

It is not only beautifully made, but is improved to no little extent with tasteful hand embroidery.

Obtainable Monday and Tuesday in Navy Blue and Black, in sizes 34 to 44.

American Women and Misses of Fashion Will Find Much of Interest in

## The New Regaliste Corsets

Now being exhibited on the Third Floor

Style is produced by the correct blending of lines—and those lines can be properly expressed only with the aid of a perfect corset. We know of no better corset than the Regaliste. This season the new models have so many exclusive features that no woman should fail to investigate them.

Prices Range from \$5.00 to \$20.00 according to the material and boning.

## Only the Very Newest Styles Will Be Presented To-day in An Important Sale of Women's Fashionable Coats

At prices very much below their actual value



\$29.50 \$39.50 \$22.50

These prices are for two days only, having been quoted simply to increase the usual momentum of early Fall business. Comparison of any coat in the collection is invited, for such action can only tend to emphasize the importance of the offering.

At \$22.50—Swagger Belted Coats with large convertible collar, resembling very closely one of our higher-priced models. Fashioned of Cashmere Burella, full lined, and Snappy Mixtures, half-lined. To be had in Taupe, Brown, Green, Plum, Khaki or Grey. Illustrated.

At \$29.50—Stunning Coats of Wool Velour and Pom-Pom Cloth—two of the most wanted, and hardest-to-find, materials for Fall. Embellished with large convertible collars of Kit Coney or Self Material, lined throughout, and warmly interlined.

At \$39.50—Fashionable Coats of Soft, Rich Pom-Pom and Velour de Laine with luxurious collars and deep cuffs of Near Seal, others with large collars of Black Skunk Opossum, or Self-Material. Not a coat in this assortment that could be duplicated at this price wholesale. Lined throughout and heavily interlined. Sizes 34 to 48. Fourth Floor.

## Save 33⅓% By Selecting Your Winter Furs Now

The cold weather is not very far off, yet by choosing your furs now you save, at the very least, one-third.

Also of much importance is the fact that furs are becoming quite scarce, and prices are increasing rapidly.

## Only One-Third Need Be Paid

at time of selecting any of the following garments, the balance to be due when you take your furs from our cold storage in November.

Lustrous Fox Scarfs.....	Special \$30.00
Smart Fox Sets.....	Special \$75.00
Skunk Scarfs.....	Special \$37.50
Skunk Muffs.....	Special \$37.50
Hudson Seal Scarfs.....	Special \$25.00
Hudson Seal Muffs.....	Special \$14.50
Beaver Scarfs.....	Special \$37.50
Beaver Muffs.....	Special \$37.50
Hudson Seal Coats in new model.....	Special \$185.00
Natural Muskrat Coats.....	Special \$125.00
Natural or Taupe-dyed Nutria Coats.....	Special \$170.00